CHANNEL COMPENSATION FOR SPEAKER RECOGNITION

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NIST SRE 2006

The U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) organizes yearly SRE evaluations to contribute to the direction of research efforts and to calibrate the technical capabilities of different academic and industrial sites active in text-independent speaker recognition.

GMM

MAP adapted UBM with 2048 Gaussians
12MFCC+C0 (20ms window, 10ms shift)





BUT and STBU systems are fusion of the following subsystems: (STBU=Spescom DataVoice + TNO + BUT + University Stellenbosch)

This poster is an advertisement of the following papers, which provide results and thorough analysis of STBU systems:

[1] N. Brummer, L. Burget, J. Cernocky, O. Glembek, F. Grezl, M. Karafiat, D. A. van Leeuwen, P. Matejka, P. Schwarz, and A. Strasheim, Fusion of heterogeneous speaker recognition systems in the STBU submission for the NIST speaker recognition evaluation 2006, *IEEE Trans. on Audio, Speech and Language Processing*, 2007, accepted.

GMM, with short-time MFCC or PLP features. (SDV, TNO, BUT)
GMM-SVM, using GMM mean supervectors as input. (SDV, TNO, BUT, SUN)
MLLR-SVM, using MLLR coefficients derived from a LVCSR (BUT, SUN).
All systems used linear supervector-space channel compensation techniques.

Channel Compensation

- Eigenchannel Compensation on Models Shifting models' parameters
- Compensation on Features Approximation of eigenchannel compensation Shifting features' parameters

[2] L. Burget, P. Matejka, O. Glembek, and J. Cernocky, Analysis of feature extraction and channel compensation in GMM speaker recognition system, *IEEE Trans. on Audio, Speech and Language Processing*, 2007, accepted.

Eigen channel compensation







	SRE 2006 Data	
	\mathbf{C}_{det}^{min}	EER
GMM – compensation on models	.020	3.55%
GMM – compensation on features	.023	3.72%
Fusion with SVM's – BUT NIST SRE2006	.014	3.04%